

At pages 2-3, the paragraph bridging pages 2-3:

Sub B3  
a2  
Further, Japanese Patent Kokai (Laid-open) No. #61—148048 discloses a photochromic laminate interposed a photochromic layer containing a spironaphth oxazine derivative between transparent material layers. Although the prior art discloses an example in which one liquid type polyurethane resin is contained in a photochromic layer, both a color development speed and a color disappearance speed are low, and insufficient.

At pages 5-6, the paragraph bridging pages 5-6:

a3  
The transparent synthetic resin to be used in the present invention is not limited as long as it is a resin with high transparency. It is preferable to use a polycarbonate resin and a polymethylmethacrylate resin. As the combination of two transparent synthetic resins, a polycarbonate resin, a polymethylmethacrylate or both thereof is (are) applied to the two transparent synthetic resins. A transparent synthetic resin with a thickness of 50 to 2000  $\mu\text{m}$  is applied. Particularly, when bending into a lens form is performed, it is preferable to use a synthetic resin sheet with a thickness of 100 to 1000  $\mu\text{m}$ .

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 2, 5 and 10 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please enter the following amended claims:

Sub B8  
a4  
am  
1. (Amended) A transparent synthetic resin laminate with photochromism property consisting essentially of two transparent synthetic resin layers and a photochromic layer interposed between said two transparent synthetic layers, wherein the transparent synthetic resin in said two transparent synthetic resin layers, is, each the same or different, a polycarbonate resin